

Unit - I Correction of common errors.

Noun → A noun is a word used as the name of a person, place or things

Types of Noun

- (a) Proper Noun
- (b) Common Noun
- (c) Collective Noun
- (d) Material Noun
- (e) Abstract Noun

(a) Proper Noun → Proper Noun is a noun that is particularly used for Person, Place or thing.

ex → Person's Name → Asha, Ram, Mohan
 Place's Name → Rajasthan, Raimayen, Delhi
 Thing's Name → Pen, Notebook!
 Day's, Months and festivals Name.

Note-1 first alphabet of proper noun is always written in capital letter.

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Note-2 Proper noun is always in
Singular no. and article A, An, The
is commonly not used with it but
Article The is used before following →

before the name of →

(a) Rivers, lakes, Mountains, Sea, Oceans.
ex → The Ganga, The Himalayas, The
Indian Ocean.

(b) Countries, and States.
ex → The Punjab, The US.

(c) Religious books
ex → The Ramayan, The Geeta,

(d) News Papers, Buildings, Planes, Ships.
ex → The Hindustan Times, The Taj,
The victory.

Common Noun

Common Noun did not define any specific
person or thing but it denotes
a specific types of things or persons.

ex → Table, chair, Boys, Girls.

Note - I → When any article is used before Proper, Abstract or Material Noun or they are used in Plural. then they are known as Common noun.

ex → Shakespeare is the greatest dramatic of england.

Note - II → When any proper noun define the class of peoples or things then it known as common noun

ex → He is the Kalidas - of the Age.

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Collective Noun

it include a bunch group

ex → Class, Team, Bunch, Army, flock.

Material Noun

it include metallic noun →

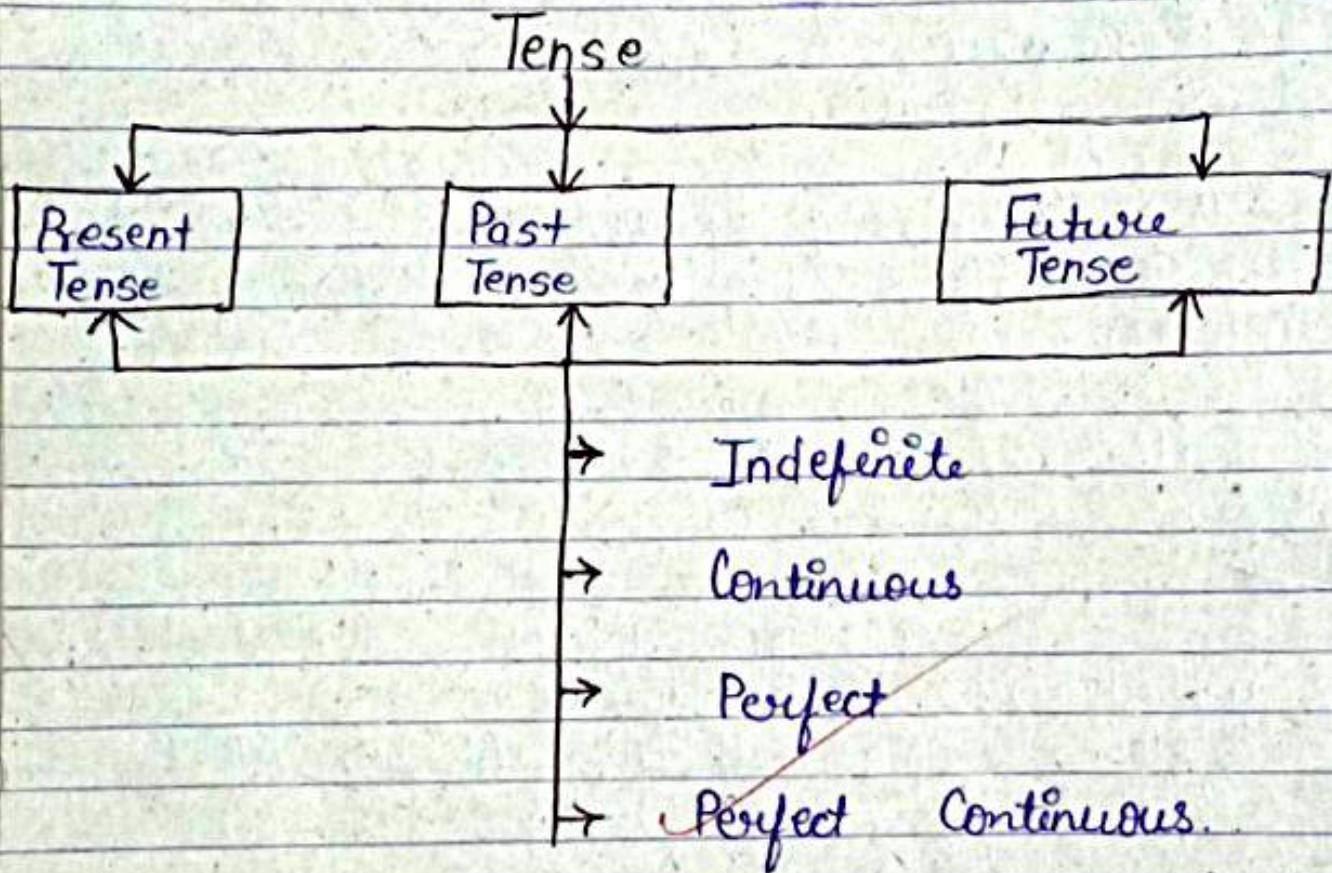
ex → Metal Gold, Milk, Silver, Stone, water, oil, wood.

Abstract Noun

Honesty, Beauty, Childhood, Sickness, death, Revenge, bravery.

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if there is ship, hood, ry, ness
after any word then it
is Abstract Noun.



★ Present ★

(a) Present Indefinite Tense →

Aff → Sub + VI (s/es) + obj.

Neg → Sub + do/does + not + VI + obj.

Int → Do/Does + Sub + VI + obj?

W.H. Family + do/does + Sub + VI + obj?

Ram goes to school.

Ram does not go to school.

Does Ram go to school?

Where does Ram go?

(b) Present Continuous Tense.

Aff Sub + is/are/am + v^{ing} + obj.

Neg Sub + is/are/am + not + v^{ing} + obj.

Int Is/are/am + Sub + v^{ing} + obj?

W.H + Is/are/am + Sub + v^{ing} + obj?

Ram is going to school.

Ram is not going to school.

Is Ram going to school?

Where is Ram going?

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Present Perfect Tense

Aff Sub + has/have + v^{III} + obj

Neg Sub + has/have + not + v^{III} + obj

Int has/have + Sub + v^{III} + obj?

W.H + has/have + Sub + v^{III} + obj?

Ram has gone to school.

Ram has not gone to school.

Has Ram gone to school?

Where has Ram gone?

Ram goes to school.

Ram does not go to school.

Does Ram go to school?

Where does Ram go?

(b) Present Continuous Tense.

Aff Sub + is/are/am + v^{ing} + obj.

Neg Sub + is/are/am + not + v^{ing} + obj.

Int Is/are/am + Sub + v^{ing} + obj?

W.H + Is/are/am + Sub + v^{ing} + obj?

Ram is going to school.

Ram is not going to school.

Is Ram going to school?

Where is Ram going?

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Present Perfect Tense

Aff Sub + has/have + v^{III} + obj

Neg Sub + has/have + not + v^{III} + obj

Int has/have + Sub + v^{III} + obj?

W.H + has/have + Sub + v^{III} + obj?

Ram has gone to school.

Ram has not gone to school.

Has Ram gone to school?

Where has Ram gone?

Present Perfect Continuous Tense.

Aff Sub + has/have been + v_{ing} + Since/for + time.
Neg Sub + has/have + not + been + v_{ing} + Since/for + time.
Int has/have + Sub + been + v_{ing} + Since/for + time?
 W.H + has/have + Sub + been + v_{ing} + Since/for + time?

Ram has been going to school since morning.
 Ram has not been going to school since morning.
 Has Ram been going to school since morning?
 Where has Ram been going since morning?

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Past Tenses

Past Indefinite

Aff Sub + III + obj.
Neg Sub + did not + IV + obj.
Int did + Sub + V + obj?
 W.H. + did + Sub + VI + obj.

Ram went to school.
 Ram did not go to school.
 Did Ram go to school?
 Where did Ram go?

Past Continuous Tense

Aff Sub + was/were + v_{ing} + obj.

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Neg Sub + was/were + not + ving + obj.
Int Was/were + Sub + ving + obj?
W.H. + was/were + Sub + ving + obj?

Ram was going to school.
Ram was not going to school.
Was Ram going to school?
Where was Ram going?

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Past Perfect Tense

Aff Sub + had + VIII + obj
Neg Sub + had not + VIII + obj.
Int Had + Sub + VIII + obj?
W.H. + Had + Sub + VIII + obj?

Ram had gone to school.
Ram had not gone to school.
Had Ram gone to school?
Where had Ram gone?

Note → डॉक्टर के आने से पहले मरीज मर चुका था

(3)
Past Indefinite

(2) (1)
Past Perfect

The Patient had died before the doctor came.

Past Perfect Continuous *

Aff Sub + had been + v^{ing} + since/for + obj
Neg Sub + had not + been + v^{ing} + since/for + time
Int Had + Sub + been + v^{ing} + since/for + time?
W.H + Had + Sub + been + v^{ing} + since/for + time?

अतः/अतः

Future Tenses.

(a) Future Indefinite Tenses.

Aff Sub + will/shall + VI + obj.
Neg Sub + will/shall + not + VI + obj
Int will/shall + Sub + VI + obj?
W.H + will/shall + Sub + VI + obj?

Ram will go to home.

Ram will not go to home.

Will Ram go to home?

Where will Ram go?

(b) Future Continuous Tense.

Aff Sub + will be/shall be + v^{ing} + obj.
Neg Sub + will/shall + not + be + v^{ing} + obj
Int will/shall + Sub + be + v^{ing} + obj?
W.H. + will/shall + Sub + be + v^{ing} + obj?

Ram will be going to school.
 Ram will not be going to school.
 Will Ram be going to school?
 Where will Ram be going?

(c) Future Perfect Tense

Aff Sub + shall/will + have + III + obj
Neg Sub + shall/will + not + have + III + obj.
Int will/shall + Sub + have + III + obj?
 W.H. + will/shall + Sub + have + III + obj?

Ram will have went to school.
 Ram will not have went to school.
 Will Ram have went to school?
 Where will Ram have went?

(d) Future Perfect Continuous Tense

Aff Sub + will/shall + have been + ing + Since/for + obj.
Neg Sub + will/shall + not + have been + ing + Since/for + obj.
Int will/shall + Sub + have been + ing + Since/for + obj?
 WH + will/shall + Sub + have been + ing + Since/for + obj?

Ram will have been going to school since morning.
 Ram will not have been going to school since morning.
 Will Ram have been going to school since morning?
 Where will Ram have been going to school since morning?

09/11/21 Find out Common Errors in Tenses.

- (a) She did not go for a walk everyday. (go)
 (b) The teacher will be teaching the students. (teach)
 (c) You will be going to school. (go)

(d) We will have reach school before the bell rings.

We will have reached school before the bell rings.

(e) Will kill you if you do not obey me.

I shall kill you if you do not obey me.

(f) She had been wait for her husband for two days.
 She had been waiting for her husband for two days.

(g) Shyam had been attending the class since two weeks.

Shyam had been attending the class for two weeks.

(h) The players had entered the playground before their captain come.

The players had entered the playground before their captain came.

(i) These students was doing their work Sincerely.

These students were doing their work Sincerely.

(j) Why did he wrote a letter?
Why did he write a letter?

(k) Mohan did played hockey regularly last Year.
Mohan played hockey regularly last Year

(l) he has not been writing an essay
since three hours.

He has not been writing an essay for three hours.

(m) I will not win my match.
I shall not win my match

(n) How many players was taking part
in the match?
How many players were taking part
in the match?

(o) We shall have been working on this
machine for 2'0 clock.

We shall have been working on this
machine since 2'0 clock.

Error of Preposition 😊

① Position of time → At, About, on before, in, Since, Till, for, from, After, Throughout

Use of About →

it is about of 10'o clock.

it is about time to play.

Use of After →

She come After Diwali

I saw him after Appointment

Use of At →

I got up at 6'o clock.

We play at 4:30 PM.

Use of Between →

He went there between 5 and 6.

I came there between Sunday & Tuesday.

Use of before →

See me before 6'o clock.

Get it before Monday.

Use of By -
 he will return by 10'0 clock.
 Tomi will be in London by Monday.

Use of during -
 The Sun give us light during the day.
 He was happy during his childhood.

Use of for →
 He stayed here for Months.
 Please wait for me for 10 hrs.

Use of from
 The work will start from Monday.
 Examination begin from 4th May.

Use of In
 We read in the Morning.
 India became Independent in August.

11/11/21 Use of On.
 He came here on Monday.
 They came here on 2nd March.

Use of Over (for the periods of (उस समय तक / पर)
 He has been invited over weekend. (PP+
 Can You stay here over Monday. Passiv

Use of Since

He has been here since Monday.

What have you been doing since 8'o clock.

Use of throughout (एक निरंतरता के लिए)

He worked throughout the time night.

I shall remember it throughout my life.

Use of Till (तक)

Wait till I come.

Good by till tomorrow.

Use of to.

5 minutes to 10.

(शेष)

Use of at and in. (for Place)

She was born at Krishna Nagar in MTR. (जहाँ)

He lives in Delhi (एडी सिटी)

Use of in and into

(in) स्थिर (अवस्था) स्थिति में

(into) गतिमान स्थिति में

Ram is in the house

Ram went into the house.

Use of by and with.

by (Sub वक्ता के लिए)

with (obj निर्वच के लिए)

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The tiger was killed by Aman.
This essay given is written by me
with a pen

Use of Around and Throughout.

Around लगभग time के लिए

Throughout लगातार के लिए

Mr. Mohan came here Around 10 PM.

What will you do throughout winter

Use of In and with in.

In अंदर तक (में)

with in दिये समय में (अभी भी)

अभी
अभी तक) I shall be back again in a year.
I shall be back again within a year.

Use of Beside & Besides

Beside (के बगल में)

Besides (के अलावा)

Go and sit beside Hari.

Besides Mr. Shyam, five persons were there.

Use of In, on and to

In (के भीतर)

On (सीमा पर)

to (पूरी तरह बाहर)

Himachal Pradesh is in the North of India.
Himachal Pradesh is on the North of India.
The Himalayas

~~The~~ Tibbat is to the North of India.

Use of In and among.

In (collective noun के लिए (single use))
among Plural. में

We found him in the crowd.
He was last among groups of boys.

Use of of and off.

of (का, की, से)
off (दूर, उभरा)

The box is made of wood.
~~She~~ keeps off the ~~the~~ grass.

Exercise.

Meena rises in the morning to 5 o'clock.
Meena rises in the morning at 5 o'clock.

The bridge is on my head.
The bridge is over my head.

He is happy at me.

He is happy with me.

Shyam is qualified on the Post.

Shyam is qualified for the Post.

He wants to travel through train.

He wants to travel with by train.

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Write your roll no. ~~with~~ in ink.

[with / in / by]

She is sitting ~~on~~ the chair. [in / on / upon]

I was born ~~in~~ Delhi. [on, in, at]

I want a pen to write ~~with~~. [with / by / through]

What is the time ~~from~~ by your watch. [with / by / from]

We go to school ~~at~~ 10 o'clock. [at / on / in]

He came and sat ~~beside~~ me. [after / beside / under]

She ~~she~~ went ~~into~~ the room [at / within / into]

My friend lives ~~in~~ Delhi [at / in / on]

We shall finish this ~~work~~ ~~in~~ an hour. [in, by, about]

Errors of Conjunctions.

I Co-ordinating Conjunctions -

And, But, or, nor, As well as, Only, for, Yet. are some conjunctions comes under it. Not only - but also always used together.

Ex → (a) Mukesh and Dinesh are my friends.

(b) He went to Agra and saw the Taj.

(c) I invited him but he did not come.

(d) Mohan is guilty as well as his elder brother.

(e) He is not only intelligent but also diligent.

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Comes together

- * Either — or
- * Neither — Nor
- * So — that
- * though — that yet
- * As — as
- * Both — and
- * Not only — but also.
- * No — Sooner —

— x — x — x — x —

That, because, until, unless, after, before, if

- * I shall either read or write a story.
- * He is neither strong nor weak.
- * Both Mohan and Ram have passed.
- * Though He is poor yet he is honest.
- * No sooner had he reached the station than the train started.
- * I am so poor that I can't buy a cycle.
- * Rekha is as wise as you.
- * The Earth is larger than the Moon.
 For comparison.

Errors of Active and Passive voice.

कर्मावाचक

कर्मवाचक

Perfect Continuous & Future Continuous are not changed into Passive voice.

Rules of making Active & Passive voice. →

* In all types of Passive voices third form of verb is used.

* While changing the Active into Passive, the subject of Active voice comes write as object of Passive voice, where the object of Active voice written as the Sub of Passive voice.

Active voice		Passive Voice
Subject	→	Object
Object	→	Subject.

* ✓ When the subject of Active voice written as in the ob object is changed into objective case while the object is changed into Nominative case.

→

He ⇌ him
 She ⇌ her
 I ⇌ Me
 They ⇌ Them

Present Indefinite Tense → ~~change~~.

Aff New Sub + is/am/are + VIII + by + objec-
tive case.

He helps me. → I am helped by him

They Punish him → He is punished by them.

Radhha teaches Me → ~~Radhha taught me.~~

I am taught by Radha.

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Neg New Sub + is/am/are + not + VIII + by + obj.

They do not punish him →

He is not punished by them

He does not go to ~~market~~ with his brother. →

Radhha does not sing a song with her sisters →

Int Is/am/are + NewSub + VIII + by + New obj?

Does she paint a picture? →

Is a picture painted by her?

Do they play a Cricket

Is a Cricket played by them?

Why do you obey them.
 Why are they obeyed by You.

Exercise →

She reads a book.
 A book is read by her.

He lies to Me. I am lied by him.

The Policeman does not catch the thief.
 The thief is not ~~catched~~ ^{caught} by Police-man.

This boy does not steal my pen.
 My pen is not stolen by ^{is} ~~that~~ that boy.

Your honesty does not impress me.
 I am not impressed by Your honesty.

Why do they sing a Song?
 Why is a Song sung by them?

Meeva does not cook the food.
 The food is not cooked by Meeva.

Where do you go with his friend?
 Where is his friend gone by You?

They do not see you.
You are not seen by them

The children read a book.
A book is read by children.
Jiten has

16/11/21 Past Indefinite Tense

Aff → New Sub + was/were + VIII + by + obj.

He helped me. → I was helped by him.

They played cricket with him.
~~They~~ He played cricket by them.

Neg → New Sub + was/were + not + VIII + by + obj.

She did not call me → I was not called by her.

He did not buy banana from banana.

Bananas were not brought by him from market.

Int → Was/were + N. Sub + VIII + obj. ?

Did You play cricket → Was cricket played by You

Did she read a book → Was a book read by her.

Q.W + Was/were + N. Sub + VIII + obj. ?

Why did she dance yesterday ?

Why was danced by her yesterday ?

Who broke the Jug ?

By whom was broken the Jug ?

Exercise

The teacher taught the student.

The student was taught by the teacher.

The farmer sold the grain.

The grain was sold by the farmer.

He did not play hockey.

The hockey was not played by you.

We learned the lesson.

The lesson was learnt by us.

Why did you make a noise in the class?

Why was ~~the~~ A noise made by you in the class?

Did the postman deliver the letter?

Was the letter delivered by the Postman

Did I send the servant to the market?

Was the Servant sent to the market by me?

They did not write a letter.

A letter was not written by them.

Did the policeman catch the thief?

Was the thief caught by the policeman?

You did not buy the book.

The book was not bought by you.

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Fast Continuous Tense →

Future Indefinite Tense →

AF: New Sub + will be / shall be + ~~III~~ + by + Obj.

She will plug the flower.

The flower will be plugged by her.

We shall learn the poem.

The poem will be learnt by us.

Neg + NewSub + will/shall + not + be + VIII + obj.

They will not teach me.

I shall not be taught by them.

He will not ring the bell.

The bell will not be rung by him.

Int Q + NP II / shall + Sub + be + VIII + by + obj.

Shall I attend his class?

Will his class be attended by me?

When will you pay the money?

When will the money be paid by you?

Who will solve the question?

By whom will the question ~~will~~ be solved?

Exercise

1) I shall finish the work tomorrow.

The work will be finished by me tomorrow.

2) He will not drive the car.

The car will not be driven by him.

The Hunter will not drink water.

The water will not be drunk by the hunter.

- ④ The lion will kill the cow.
The cow will be killed by the lion.
- ⑤ Who will buy your car?
By whom will your car be bought?
- ⑥ Will he help the poor?
Will the poor be helped by him?
- ⑦ Will they not see the film?
Will the film not be seen by them?
- ⑧ Why will you not obey the rules?
Why will the rules not be obeyed by you?
- ⑨ She will deceive me.
I shall be deceived by her.
- ⑩ The police will not arrest the thief.
The thief will not be arrested by the Police.

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Present Continuous Tense.

Aff

New Sub + is/are/am + being + VIII + by + Obj

She is playing games.

Games are being played by her.

He is writing a letter.

A letter is being written by him.

Neg New Sub + is/are/am + not + being + VIII + by + Obj

He is not inviting us.

We are not being invited by him.

They are not suspecting elders.

Elders are not being suspected by them.

Int + Is/are/am + New Sub + being + VIII + by + Obj

Are you doing the task?

Is the task being done by you?

Are they telling a lie?

Is a lie being told by them?

Is she cooking the food?

Is the food being cooked by her?

Who is singing a song?

By whom is a song being ~~singing~~ sung?

Whom are you calling?
Who is being called by you?

Exercise →

- ① He is doing his work.
His work is being done by him.
- ② The boys are leaving the poem.
The poem is being learnt by the boys.
- ③ She is not beating the Tom.
~~Is the Tom being beaten by her?~~
Tom is not being beaten by her.
- ④ Are you decorating the room?
Is the room being decorated by you?
- ⑤ Why is he helping you?
Why are you being helped by him?
- ⑥ Am I playing the match in the field?
Is the match being played by me in the field?
- ⑦ Who is calling the servant?
By whom is the servant being called?
- ⑧ You are buying books.
Books are being bought by you.

⑨ My brother is not painting the doors.
The doors are not painted by my brother.

⑩ She is not washing her clothes.
Her clothes are not being washed by her.

20/11/21 Past Continuous Tense

Aff New Sub + was/were + being + VIII + by + obj.

Ram was flying the kite.

The kite was being flown by Ram.

Neg New Sub + was/were + not + being + VIII + by + obj.

The Ramayan

You were not reading the Ramayan.

The Ramayan was not being read by You.

Int Was/were + New Sub + being + VIII + by + obj.

Were you not bringing the fruits?

Were the fruits not being brought by You?

Manish was plying the cricket match.
The cricket match was being played by Manish.

Kavita was not reading english.
English was not being read english.

Were you not buying the sweets?
Were the sweets not being bought by you?

They were not ploughing the field.
The field was not being ploughed by them.

You were not helping the poor.
The poor was not helped by you.

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+been P. Present Perfect Tense.

~~aff~~ Sub + has/have + been + VIII + by + obj

Seeta has sung a sweet song.
A sweet song has been sung by Seeta.

~~Neg~~ Sub + has/have + not + been + VIII + by + obj

You have not flown the kite.
You have not; The kite have not been flown
by you.

Interrogative

Q. W
 Has/have + Sub + been + VIII + obj?

Q. W
 Have you not read the Ramayan?

Q. W
 Has the Ramayan ^{not} been read by you?

Exercise →

① I have kept my promise.
 My promise has been kept by me.

② She has not stolen my book.
 My book has not been stolen by her.

③ Have you taken medicine?
 Has medicine been taken by you?

④ Why have you ^{leiat} wound the watch?
 Why has the watch wound by you?

⑤ She has eaten the food.
 The food ^{has} been eaten by her.

Past Perfect Tense

A N.S + had + been + VIII + by + N.O

The servant had posted the letter.
The letter had been posted by the servant.

N.S + had + not + been + VIII + by + N.O + O.W.

You had not flown the kite.
The kite had not been flown by you.

^{O.W} had + N.S + been + VIII + N.O + O.W ?

Had you not read the Ramayan?
Had the Ramayan not been read by you?

Exercise →

① I had solved all the Mathematic questions.
~~I~~ All the mathematic questions had been solved by me.

② He had already heard the news.
The news had been ^{already} heard by him. ~~already~~

③ Why had you disturbed him?
Why had he been disturbed by you?

④ Had she posted the letter?
Had the letter been posted by her?

⑤ She had already taken the medicine.
The medicine had been ^{already} taken by her.

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Future Perfect Tense.

Aff N.S. ^{+shall (I, We)} will + have + been + VIII + by + N.O. + o.w.

→ You will have taken medicine.

→ Medicine will have been taken by you.

Not
exp N.S. + will/shall ^{not} + have been + VIII + by + N.O. + o.w.

Int ^{I, W} Will/shall + S + have been + VIII + by + N.O. + a.w.

Exercise →

① Rajesh + will not have read the Ramayan.
The Ramayan will not have been read by Rajesh.

② I shall not have flown the kite.
The kite not have been flown by me.

③ He will not have abused me.
I shall not have been abused by him.

④ Will you have revised your course?
Will your course have been revised by you?

⑤ Monika will have milked the cow.
The cow will have been milked by Monika.

⑥ She will have taken the test.
The test will have been taken by her.

- ⑦ The farmer will not have watered the fields.
The fields not have been watered by the farmer.
- ⑧ Will you not have cleaned the room?
Will have the room not have been cleaned by you?

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Imperative Sentence

Order, Request, Command, Suggestion, Request

Shut, the door,
verb obj

There is no subject in these.

Started from main verb VI.

There is you but silent.

Where let it means Im

Act Shut the door.

Let the door be shut.

P Let + N.O.S + be + VIII. / You are — to same active.

P You are ~~orde~~ requested to shut the door.

A Always speak the truth.

P Let the truth always be spoken.

P You are advised to Always speak the truth.